Assignment

LESSON 1: Gauss in Das Haus

Write

Define Gaussian elimination in your own words.

Remember

A system of equations can be solved graphically or algebraically. When solving a system of three linear equations algebraically, you can use substitution or Gaussian elimination.

Practice

- 1. Happy's Hamburgers is analyzing their revenue and their expenses.
- The chief financial officer has determined that their revenue is modeled by $y = 2.44x - \frac{x^2}{20,000} -5000$ and their expenses are modeled by
- y = 5000 + 0.56x, where x represents the number of hamburgers sold.
- a. Use substitution to write a new equation that can be used to solve the system.
- b. Use the Quadratic Formula to solve the resulting equation for *x*. Round your answer to the nearest whole number and explain why it makes sense to do so.
- c. Calculate the corresponding value(s) for *y*. Determine the solution(s) to the system of equations.
- d. Interpret the results.
- 2. You are helping a friend with her flower garden. She decides to add some clematis vines, rose bushes, and peony plants to her garden. The price of a clematis vine is \$3 more than twice a peony plant. The price of a rose bush is \$5 more than a clematis vine. She decides to buy 3 clematis plants, 4 rose bushes and 2 peony plants for a total of \$233.
 - a. Write a system of three linear equations in three variables to represent this situation. Define your variables.
 - b. Calculate the price of each item. Use substitution to solve the system of three linear equations in three variables.

Stretch

- 1. John has 15 bills in his wallet that total \$145. He has a mix of five-dollar bills, ten-dollar bills, and twentydollar bills. The number of ten-dollar bills is one less than twice the number of twenty-dollar bills.
 - a. Write a system of three linear equations in three variables to represent this situation. Be sure to define your variables.
 - b. How many of each denomination does John have in his wallet? Solve this system using Gaussian elimination.

Review

Solve each equation.

1. $\frac{1}{2}x - 3 = -4$	2. $\frac{9}{x+5} = 32$
3. $6.5 = 0.86x - (-2)$	4. $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{4} = 36$

