# Patty Paper, Patty Paper Introduction to Congruent Figures

#### WARM UP

Draw an example of each shape.

- 1. parallelogram
- 2. trapezoid
- 3. pentagon
- 4. regular hexagon

#### **LEARNING GOALS**

- Define congruent figures.
- Use patty paper to verify experimentally that two figures are congruent by obtaining the second figure from the first using a sequence of slides, flips, and/or turns.
- Use patty paper to determine if two figures are congruent.

#### **KEY TERMS**

- congruent figures
- corresponding sides
- corresponding angles

You have studied figures that have the same shape or measure. How do you determine if two figures have the same size and the same shape?

### **Getting Started**

## It's Transparent!

Let's use patty paper to investigate the figure shown.

#### 1. List everything you know about the shape.

Patty paper is great paper to investigate geometric properties. You can write on it, trace with it, and see creases when you fold it.

Patty paper was originally created for separating patties of meat! Little did the inventors know that it could also serve as a powerful geometric tool.



- 2. Use patty paper to compare the sizes of the sides and angles in the figure.
  - a. What do you notice about the side lengths?
  - b. What do you notice about the angle measures?
  - c. What can you say about the figure based on this investigation?

Trace the polygon onto a sheet of patty paper.

3. Use five folds of your patty paper to determine the center of each side of the shape. What do you notice about where the folds intersect?





Cut out each of the figures provided at the end of the lesson.

ACTIVITY

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1. Sort the figures into at least two categories. Provide a rationale for your classification. List your categories and the letters of the figures that belong in each category.

2. List the figures that are the same shape as Figure A. How do you know they are the same shape?

3. List the figures that are both the same shape and the same size as Figure A. How do you know they are the same shape and same size?

Figures that have the same size and shape are **congruent figures**. If two figures are congruent, all *corresponding sides* and all *corresponding angles* have the same measure.

4. List the figures that are congruent to Figure C.

Figures with the same shape but not necessarily the same size are *similar figures*, which you will study in later lessons.

**Corresponding sides** are sides that have the same relative position in geometric figures.

**Corresponding angles** are angles that have the same relative position in geometric figures. A *conjecture* is a hypothesis or educated guess that is consistent with what you know but hasn't yet been verified.

Persevering through multiple conjectures and investigations is an important part of learning in mathematics.





#### **Congruent or Not?**



Throughout the study of geometry, as you reason about relationships, study how figures change under specific conditions, and generalize patterns, you will engage in the geometric process of

- making a conjecture about what you think is true,
- investigating to confirm or refute your conjecture, and
- justifying the geometric idea.

In many cases, you will need to make and investigate conjectures a few times before reaching a true result that can be justified.

Let's use this process to investigate congruent figures.

If two figures are congruent, you can slide, flip, and spin one figure until it lies on the other figure.

1. Consider the flowers shown following the table. For each flower, make a conjecture about which are congruent to the original flower, which is shaded in the center. Then, use patty paper to investigate your conjecture. Finally, justify your conjecture by stating how you can move from the shaded flower to each congruent flower by sliding, flipping, or spinning the original flower.

Flower	Congruent to Original Flower	How Do You Move the Original Flower onto the Congruent Flower?
А		
В		
С		
D		
Е		
F		
G		
Н		







# The Core of Congruent Figures

Recall that if two figures are congruent, all corresponding sides and all corresponding angles have the same measure.

1. Use patty paper to determine which sides of the congruent figures are corresponding and which angles are corresponding.





2. How can you slide, flip, or spin the figure on the left to obtain the figure on the right?

